

# **Safety Data Sheet**

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations.

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M Weatherstrip Adhesive (Black), P/N 80119

#### **Product Identification Numbers**

CS-0406-7009-6

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

## Recommended use

Adhesive

## 1.3. Supplier's details

**Company:** 3M Canada Company **Division:** Automotive Aftermarket

Address: 1840 Oxford Street East, Post Office Box 5757, London, Ontario N6A 4T1

**Telephone:** (800) 364-3577 **Website:** www.3M.ca

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical Emergency Telephone: (519) 451-2500, Ext. 2222; Transportation Emergency Telephone (CANUTEC): (613) 996-6666

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Liquid: Category 2.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2B.

Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

# 2.2. Label elements

#### Signal word

Danger

#### **Symbols**

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

**Pictograms** 







#### **Hazard statements**

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system | respiratory system | sensory organs

### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Prevention:**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### **Response:**

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

#### Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

### Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

None known.

3% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

17% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
HEXANE	110-54-3	10 - 30
Heptane	142-82-5	3 - 15

METHYLCYCLOPENTANE	96-37-7	3 - 15
2-METHYLPENTANE	107-83-5	5 - 10
3-METHYLPENTANE	96-14-0	5 - 10
TALC	14807-96-6	5 - 10
TOLUENE	108-88-3	5 - 10
POLYISOPRENE	9003-31-0	3 - 7
STYRENE-BUTADIENE POLYMER	9003-55-8	3 - 7
CALCIUM ZINC RESINATE	68334-35-0	1 - 5
NAPHTHA, LIGHT STEAM-	68478-07-9	1 - 5
CRACKED AROM., PIPERYLENE		
CONC., POLYMD.		
Phenolic Resin	Trade Secret	1 - 5
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	79-29-8	0.5 - 1.5
CYCLOHEXANE	110-82-7	0.5 - 1.5
Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer	9003-53-6	< 1
(oligomeric)		
Filler	Trade Secret	< 0.3

Phenolic Resin is a non-hazardous Trade Secret material according to WHMIS criteria.

HEXANE is a hazardous Trade Secret material according to WHMIS criteria. Refer to Section 15 for further information. 2-METHYLPENTANE is a hazardous Trade Secret material according to WHMIS criteria. Refer to Section 15 for further information.

3-METHYLPENTANE is a hazardous Trade Secret material according to WHMIS criteria. Refer to Section 15 for further information.

TOLUENE is a hazardous Trade Secret material according to WHMIS criteria. Refer to Section 15 for further information. Filler is a hazardous Trade Secret material according to WHMIS criteria. Refer to Section 15 for further information.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### **Eye Contact:**

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

#### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

## 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

SubstanceConditionHydrocarbonsDuring CombustionCarbon monoxideDuring CombustionCarbon dioxideDuring CombustionToxic Vapor, Gas, ParticulateDuring Combustion

## 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam designed for use on solvents, such as alcohols and acetone, that can dissolve in water. An AR - AFFF type foam is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from acids. Store away from

oxidizing agents.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	<b>Additional Comments</b>
2-METHYLPENTANE	107-83-5	ACGIH	TWA:500 ppm;STEL:1000	
			ppm	
TOLUENE	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	
HEXANE	110-54-3	ACGIH	TWA:50 ppm	SKIN
CYCLOHEXANE	110-82-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Heptane	142-82-5	ACGIH	TWA:400 ppm;STEL:500 ppm	
TALC	14807-96-6	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2	
			mg/m3	
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	79-29-8	ACGIH TWA:500 ppm;STEL:1000		
			ppm	
3-METHYLPENTANE	96-14-0	ACGIH	TWA:500 ppm;STEL:1000	
			ppm	
Filler	Trade	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):3	
	Secret		mg/m3	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

# 8.2. Exposure controls

## 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

## 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

## Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

## **Respiratory protection**

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Specific Physical Form:Paste Medium pasteAppearance/Odourblack, mild odourOdour thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNo Data Available

**Melting point/Freezing point**No Data Available

Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range

No Data Available

64.4 - 87.2 °C

Flash Point -21.1 °C [Test Method: Tagliabue Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate2.5 [Ref Std: ETHER=1]Flammability (solid, gas)Not ApplicableFlammable Limits(LEL)1 % volume

Flammable Limits(LEL) 1 % volume Flammable Limits(UEL) 7 % volume

Vapour Pressure 15,998.6 Pa [Details: CONDITIONS: @ 68F]

Vapour Density 3 [Ref Std: AIR=1]

**Density** 0.82 g/ml

**Relative density** 0.805 [*Ref Std*:WATER=1]

Water solubility 10 %

Solubility- non-waterNo Data AvailablePartition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableAutoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableDecomposition temperatureNo Data AvailableViscosity7,500 - 18,000 mPa-s

**Volatile Organic Compounds** 497 g/l [*Test Method:* South Cost Air Qual Mgmt Dist]

[Details: CONDITIONS: Rule 443.1, calculated]

Percent volatile Approximately 65 % weight

VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents 497 g/l [Test Method: South Cost Air Qual Mgmt Dist] [Details: CONDITIONS: Rule 443.1, calculated]

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Not determined

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Not determined

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**Substance** 

Condition

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

#### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

## Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Skin Contact:**

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

## **Eye Contact:**

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

#### **Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

### **Additional Health Effects:**

## Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

#### Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Pneumoconiosis: Sign/symptoms may include persistent cough, breathlessness, chest pain, increased amounts of sputum, and changes in lung function tests. Ocular Effects: Signs/symptoms may include blurred or significantly impaired vision. Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears. Peripheral Neuropathy: Signs/symptoms may include tingling or numbness of the extremities, incoordination, weakness of the hands and feet, tremors and muscle atrophy. Olfactory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include decreased ability to detect odours and/or complete loss of smell. Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

#### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

# Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Talc	14807-96-6	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

# **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity** 

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
HEXANE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
HEXANE	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 170 mg/l
HEXANE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 28,700 mg/kg
Heptane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,000 mg/kg
Heptane	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 103 mg/l
Heptane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
METHYLCYCLOPENTANE	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
METHYLCYCLOPENTANE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
2-METHYLPENTANE	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
2-METHYLPENTANE	Inhalation- Vapor		LC50 estimated to be > 50 mg/l
2-METHYLPENTANE	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
3-METHYLPENTANE	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
3-METHYLPENTANE	Inhalation- Vapor		LC50 estimated to be > 50 mg/l
3-METHYLPENTANE	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
TOLUENE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
TOLUENE	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
TOLUENE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg
TALC	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
TALC	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
POLYISOPRENE	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
POLYISOPRENE	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
NAPHTHA, LIGHT STEAM-CRACKED AROM., PIPERYLENE CONC., POLYMD.	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
NAPHTHA, LIGHT STEAM-CRACKED AROM., PIPERYLENE CONC., POLYMD.	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
STYRENE-BUTADIENE POLYMER	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
STYRENE-BUTADIENE POLYMER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Phenolic Resin	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Phenolic Resin	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
CYCLOHEXANE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 32.9 mg/l
CYCLOHEXANE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	Inhalation- Vapor		LC50 estimated to be > 50 mg/l
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg

Filler	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Filler	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

# Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
HEXANE	Human	Mild irritant
	and	
	animal	
Heptane	Human	Mild irritant
METHYLCYCLOPENTANE	similar	Minimal irritation
	compoun	
	ds	
2-METHYLPENTANE	Professio	Mild irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
3-METHYLPENTANE	Professio	Mild irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
TOLUENE	Rabbit	Irritant
TALC	Rabbit	No significant irritation
NAPHTHA, LIGHT STEAM-CRACKED AROM., PIPERYLENE CONC.,	similar	No significant irritation
POLYMD.	compoun	
	ds	
POLYISOPRENE	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
OTHER DESIGNATION OF THE POLYMER	nt nt	N
STYRENE-BUTADIENE POLYMER	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme nt	
CYCLOHEXANE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
	Professio	Mild irritant Mild irritant
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	nal	IVIIIQ IITICAIL
	judgeme nt	
Filler	Rabbit	No significant irritation
FILICI	Kaobit	No significant irritation

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation** 

Name	Species	Value
	1	
HEXANE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Heptane	Professio	Moderate irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
METHYLCYCLOPENTANE	similar	Mild irritant
	compoun	
	ds	
2-METHYLPENTANE	Professio	Moderate irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
3-METHYLPENTANE	Professio	Moderate irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
TOLUENE	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
TALC	Rabbit	No significant irritation
NAPHTHA, LIGHT STEAM-CRACKED AROM., PIPERYLENE CONC.,	similar	Mild irritant
POLYMD.	compoun	
	ds	

POLYISOPRENE	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
CYCLOHEXANE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	Professio	Moderate irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Filler	Rabbit	No significant irritation

# **Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
HEXANE	Human	Not sensitizing
TOLUENE	Guinea	Not sensitizing
	pig	
POLYISOPRENE	Human	Not sensitizing

**Respiratory Sensitization** 

Name	Species	Value
TALC	Human	Not sensitizing

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

Name	Route	Value
HEXANE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
HEXANE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Heptane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TOLUENE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TOLUENE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
TALC	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TALC	In vivo	Not mutagenic
CYCLOHEXANE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
CYCLOHEXANE	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Filler	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Filler	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
HEXANE	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
HEXANE	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TOLUENE	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TOLUENE	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TALC	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Filler	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Filler	Ingestion	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Filler	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

reproductive and or Developmental Effects						
Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration	
HEXANE	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL 2,200	during	

\_\_\_\_\_

				mg/kg/day	organogenesi s
HEXANE	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.7 mg/l	during gestation
HEXANE	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,140 mg/kg/day	90 days
HEXANE	Inhalation	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	LOAEL 3.52 mg/l	28 days
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Some positive female reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2.3 mg/l	1 generation
TOLUENE	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day	during gestation
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
TALC	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg	during organogenesi s
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 6.9 mg/l	2 generation
Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer (oligomeric)	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 5 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation

# Target Organ(s)

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
HEXANE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
HEXANE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	NOAEL Not available	8 hours
HEXANE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 24.6 mg/l	8 hours
Heptane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Heptane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Heptane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
METHYLCYCLOPENTA NE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
METHYLCYCLOPENTA NE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
2-METHYLPENTANE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
2-METHYLPENTANE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	

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2-METHYLPENTANE	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL Not available	
2-METHYLPENTANE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
3-METHYLPENTANE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
3-METHYLPENTANE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
3-METHYLPENTANE	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL Not available	
3-METHYLPENTANE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	3 hours
TOLUENE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
CYCLOHEXANE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL Not available	
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure
				_		Duration
HEXANE	Inhalation	peripheral nervous	Causes damage to organs through	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
		system	prolonged or repeated exposure		available	exposure
HEXANE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the	Mouse	LOAEL 1.76	13 weeks
			data are not sufficient for		mg/l	
			classification			
HEXANE	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	NOAEL Not	6 months
			data are not sufficient for		available	
			classification			

HEXANE	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1.76 mg/l	6 months
HEXANE	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 35.2 mg/l	13 weeks
HEXANE	Inhalation	auditory system   immune system   eyes	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
HEXANE	Inhalation	heart   skin   endocrine system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1.76 mg/l	6 months
HEXANE	Ingestion	peripheral nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,140 mg/kg/day	90 days
HEXANE	Ingestion	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	13 weeks
Heptane	Inhalation	liver   nervous system   kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 12 mg/l	26 weeks
2-METHYLPENTANE	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 5.3 mg/l	14 weeks
2-METHYLPENTANE	Ingestion	peripheral nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	8 weeks
2-METHYLPENTANE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2,000 mg/kg	28 days
3-METHYLPENTANE	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 5.3 mg/l	14 weeks
3-METHYLPENTANE	Ingestion	peripheral nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	8 weeks
3-METHYLPENTANE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2,000 mg/kg	28 days
TOLUENE	Inhalation	auditory system   nervous system   eyes   olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
TOLUENE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2.3 mg/l	15 months
TOLUENE	Inhalation	heart   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
TOLUENE	Inhalation	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	4 weeks
TOLUENE	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	20 days
TOLUENE	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	8 weeks
TOLUENE	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   vascular system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TOLUENE	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TOLUENE	Ingestion	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TOLUENE	Ingestion	liver   kidney and/or	Some positive data exist, but the	Multiple	NOAEL	13 weeks

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		bladder	data are not sufficient for	animal	2,500	
			classification	species	mg/kg/day	
TOLUENE	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
TOLUENE	Ingestion	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	28 days
TOLUENE	Ingestion	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
TALC	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TALC	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis   respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 18 mg/m3	113 weeks
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	90 days
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	auditory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.7 mg/l	90 days
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	NOAEL 2.7 mg/l	10 weeks
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 24 mg/l	14 weeks
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	30 weeks
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 5.3 mg/l	14 weeks
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	Ingestion	peripheral nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	8 weeks
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2,000 mg/kg	28 days
Filler	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

# **Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value
HEXANE	Aspiration hazard
Heptane	Aspiration hazard
METHYLCYCLOPENTANE	Aspiration hazard
2-METHYLPENTANE	Aspiration hazard
3-METHYLPENTANE	Aspiration hazard
TOLUENE	Aspiration hazard
CYCLOHEXANE	Aspiration hazard
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

No data available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

3M Weatherstrip	o Adhesive (	Black)	), P/N 80119
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# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information.

**Trade Secret Information:** 

HMIRA Registry Number: Filing date: Claim status: Date of decision:

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Health: 1 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

#### **HMIS Hazard Classification**

**Health:** 3 Flammability: 3 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® IV) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® IV ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® IV program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).

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