## **Safety Data Sheet**



Revision Number: 004.0

Issue date: 02/10/2016

## **1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Product name: Product type: Restriction of Use: Company address: Henkel Corporation One Henkel Way Rocky Hill, Connecticut 06067

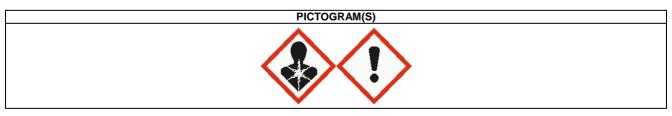
LOCTITE 2046 THRDLCK 12ML PT A Anaerobic Adhesive None identified

IDH number: 1189205 Item number: 1186840 1363470 Region: United States Contact information: Telephone: (860) 571-5100 MEDICAL EMERGENCY Phone: Poison Control Center 1-877-671-4608 (toll free) or 1-303-592-1711 TRANSPORT EMERGENCY Phone: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (toll free) or 1-703-527-3887 Internet: www.henkelna.com

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

| EMERGENCY OVERVIEW |   |  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| DANGER:            | CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION.                               |  |
|                    | MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION.                  |  |
|                    | CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION.                        |  |
|                    | HARMFUL IF INHALED.                                   |  |
|                    | MAY CAUSE ALLERGY OR ASTHMA SYMPTOMS OR BREATHING     |  |
|                    | DIFFICULTIES IF INHALED.                              |  |
|                    | MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION.                     |  |
|                    | CAUSES DAMAGE TO ORGANS THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED |  |
|                    | EXPOSURE.   |  |

| HAZARD CLASS                                       | HAZARD CATEGORY |
|--|-----------------|
| ACUTE TOXICITY INHALATION                          | 4               |
| SKIN IRRITATION                                    | 2               |
| EYE IRRITATION                                     | 2A              |
| RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION                          | 1               |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION                                 | 1               |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE   | 3               |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE | 1               |



### **Precautionary Statements**

| Prevention: | Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray. Wash affected area thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective   |
|-------------|---|
|             | gloves, eye protection, and face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.   |
| Response:   | F ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attentior |

 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center or physician. Take off contaminated clothing.

 Storage:
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

 Disposal:
 Dispose of contents and/or container according to Federal, State/Provincial and local aovernmental regulations.

Classification complies with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and is consistent with the provisions of the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

### See Section 11 for additional toxicological information.

### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Hazardous Component(s)  | CAS Number  | Percentage* |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate  | 26447-40-5  | 60 - 100    |
| Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate)  | 101-68-8    | 10 - 30     |
| 1,2-Propanediol, polymer with 1,3-<br>butanediol, tripropylene glycol and<br>diphenylmethane diisocyanate | 150449-03-9 | 10 - 30     |

\* Exact percentage is a trade secret. Concentration range is provided to assist users in providing appropriate protections.

|                     | 4. FIRST AID MEASURES   |
|---------------------|---|
| Inhalation:         | Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Asthmatic-type symptoms may develop and may be immediate or delayed up to several hours. Get medical attention.   |
| Skin contact:       | Immediately flush skin with plenty of water (using soap, if available). Remove<br>contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash clothing before reuse. For severe<br>exposures, get under safety shower after removing clothing, then get medica<br>attention. For lesser exposure, seek medical attention if irritation develops or<br>persists after area is washed.   |
| Eye contact:        | Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.   |
| Ingestion:          | DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.<br>Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate<br>medical attention.   |
| Symptoms:           | See Section 11.   |
| Notes to physician: | Eyes:Stain for evidence of corneal injury.If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic steroid preparation frequently.Workplace vapors have produced reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision.Skin:Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burns.This compound is a known skin sensitizer.Ingestion:Treat symptomatically.There is no specific antidote.Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature this compound.Respiratory:This compound is a known pulmonary sensitizer.Treat symptomatically and supportively. |

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media:

Foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

| Special firefighting procedures:   | Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear. During a fire, MDI vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. At temperatures above 204.4°C (400°F), polymeric MDI can polymerize and decompose which can cause pressure build-up in closed containers. Explosive rupture is possible.                  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Unusual fire or explosion hazards: | Uncontrolled polymerization may occur at high temperatures resulting in explosions or rupture of storage containers. Sealed containers at elevated temperatures or contaminated with water may rupture explosively. Water or fog may cause frothing which can be violent especially if sprayed into containers of hot or burning liquid. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. |
| Hazardous combustion products:     | Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Hydrocarbons. Hydrogen cyanide. Toxic and irritating vapors.   |

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8, isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

| Environmental precautions: | Do not allow product to enter sewer or waterways.  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Clean-up methods:          | Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment during clean-<br>up. If temporary control of isocyanate vapor is required, a blanket of protein foam (available at most fire departments) may be placed over spill. Large quantities may be pumped into closed, but not sealed containers for disposal. For minor spills, absorb isocyanates with sawdust or other absorbent, shovel into suitable unsealed containers, transport to well ventilated area (outside) and treat with neutralizing solution: mixture of 80% water and 20% non-ionic surfactant Tergitol TMN-10; or 90% water, 3-8% concentrated ammonia and 2% detergent. Add about ten parts of neutralizer per part of isocyanate, with mixing. Allow to stand uncovered for 48 hours to let carbon dioxide escape. Decontaminate floor with decontamination solution letting stand for at least 15 minutes. Refer to Section 8 "Exposure Controls / Personal Protection" prior to clean up. |
|                            | 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE  |

|           | 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE   |  |  |
|-----------|---|--|--|
| Handling: | Use only with adequate ventilation. Prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe vapor and mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Protect from moisture. Exposure to vapors of heated MDI can be extremely dangerous. Keep container closed. Refer to Section 8.   |  |  |
| Storage:  | For safe storage, store between 16 °C (60.8 °F) and 38 °C (100.4 °F)<br>Keep in a cool, well ventilated area away from heat, sparks and open flame.<br>Keep container tightly closed until ready for use. Do not let moisture<br>contaminate this material. Product reacts with water to release carbon<br>dioxide, which could build up pressure in closed containers and lead to<br>bursting. Do not reseal if moisture contamination is suspected. Do not reseal<br>if contamination is suspected. MDI reacts slowly with water to form carbon<br>dioxide gas. This gas can cause sealed containers to expand and possibly<br>rupture. Do not store in reactive metal containers. If container is exposed to<br>high heat (204.4 °C (400 °F)), it can be pressurized and possibly rupture. |  |  |

For information on product shelf life contact Henkel Customer Service at (800) 243-4874.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

# Employers should complete an assessment of all workplaces to determine the need for, and selection of, proper exposure controls and protective equipment for each task performed.

| Hazardous Component(s)  | ACGIH TLV  | OSHA PEL   | AIHA WEEL   | OTHER   |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate  | None   | None   | None  | None  |
| Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate)  | 0.005 ppm TWA  | 0.02 ppm (0.2<br>mg/m3) Ceiling  | None  | None  |
| 1,2-Propanediol, polymer with 1,3-<br>butanediol, tripropylene glycol and<br>diphenylmethane diisocyanate | None   | None   | None  | None  |
| Engineering controls:   | is proce<br>industri<br>guidane<br>isocyar<br>overall<br>levels r<br>NIOSH<br>employ<br>These<br>pulmon<br>type co<br>recurre<br>isocyar | whaust should be used to<br>essed, heated or spray a<br>lal ventilation (i.e., ACGII<br>ce about adequate ventil<br>hates in the breathing zon<br>employee exposure cha<br>nust be monitored. Moni-<br>and OSHA. Medical Sur-<br>ees who handle or come<br>should include preemplo<br>hary function tests (FEV,<br>nditions, chronic bronchi-<br>nt skin eczema or sensit<br>hates. Once a person is of<br>exposure can be permitt | pplied. Standard referer<br>H Industrial Ventilation) s<br>ation. Air monitoring: Mone<br>of individuals should<br>racterization program. Is<br>toring techniques have b<br>rveillance: Medical supe<br>of in contact with isocyan<br>yment and periodic med<br>FVC as a minimum). Petits, other chronic respira<br>ization should be exclud<br>diagnosed as sensitized | the sources regarding<br>should be consulted for<br>phitoring of airborne<br>become part of the<br>socyanate exposure<br>been developed by<br>rvision of all<br>ates is recommended.<br>lical examinations with<br>resons with asthmatic-<br>atory diseases or<br>led from working with |
| Respiratory protection:   | or used<br>of MDI<br>pressur<br>recomm<br>poorly v<br>appara<br>cartridg<br>Howev<br>one hou<br>to the p<br>filter ele                   | trations greater than the<br>d in a poorly ventilated ar<br>exceed the TLV, respirar<br>re, supplied-air respiraton<br>nended. In situations whiventilated area, and a su<br>tus is unavailable or its u<br>ge and particulate pre-filtr<br>rer, this should be permit<br>ur) at relatively low concro-<br>oor warning properties of<br>ements must be ensured<br>R 1910.134).   | ea. In such cases, or wh<br>tory protection must be we<br>r or a self-contained breat<br>ere MDI is not sprayed,<br>pplied-air or self-contain<br>use impractical, at least a<br>ers must be worn.<br>ted only for short period<br>entrations (at or near the<br>of MDI, proper fit and tim   | nenever concentrations<br>worn. A positive<br>athing apparatus is<br>heated, or used in a<br>ned breathing<br>an air-purifying<br>s of time (less than<br>e TLV). However, due<br>ely replacement of  |
| Eye/face protection:  |  | goggles or safety glasse<br>d if the potential for splas   |   |   |

Safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields. Full face protection should be used if the potential for splashing or spraying of product exists. Safety showers and eye wash stations should be available. Vapor resistant goggles should be worn when contact lenses are in use.

Use chemical resistant, impermeable clothing including gloves and either an apron or body suit to prevent skin contact. Permeation resistant gloves (butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol). However, please note that polyvinyl alcohol degrades in water. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing. If skin creams are used, keep the area covered by the cream to a minimum.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: Color: Odor: Odor threshold: pH: Vapor pressure: Boiling point/range: Melting point/ range:

Skin protection:

Liquid Light, Yellow Slightly, Musty Not available. Not available. > 300 °C (> 572°F) Decomposes. Not available.

| Specific gravity:                        | 1.23                            |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Vapor density:                           | 8.5                             |
| Flash point:                             | > 110 °C (> 230°F) Closed cup   |
| Flammable/Explosive limits - lower:      | Not available.                  |
| Flammable/Explosive limits - upper:      | Not available.                  |
| Autoignition temperature:                | > 600 °C (1,112°F)              |
| Evaporation rate:                        | Not available.                  |
| Solubility in water:                     | Insoluble                       |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): | Not available.                  |
| VOC content:                             | 0.37 % (value as mixed for use) |
| Viscosity:                               | Not available.                  |
| Decomposition temperature:               | Not available.                  |

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Stability:                           | Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.   |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Hazardous reactions:                 | None under normal processing. Polymerization may occur at elevated temperature or in the presence of incompatible materials.                   |
| Hazardous decomposition<br>products: | Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of carbon. Hydrogen cyanide. Isocyanates. |
| Incompatible materials:              | Bases. Water, Amines, Alkalis, Alcohols. Will cause some corrosion to copper alloys and aluminum.  |
| Reactivity:                          | Not available.   |
| Conditions to avoid:                 | Elevated temperatures. Heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible materials. Contamination with water.   |

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Relevant routes of exposure: Skin, Inhalation, Eyes, Ingestion

### Potential Health Effects/Symptoms

| Inhalation:<br>Skin contact: | Acute: Harmful if inhaled. Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI) vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV can irritate the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyper-reactivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV with similar symptoms as well as lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). Chronic: As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals will develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the TLV. Chronic overexposure to isocyanates has been reported to cause lung damage. May cause allergic respiratory reaction. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthma attack, could be immediate or delayed (up to several hours after exposure). Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air, or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Over exposure to isocyanates has also been reported to cause lung damage (including decrease in lung function) which may be permanent. Sensitization can either be temporary or permanent. Acute: Causes skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction. Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation which may include the following symptoms: reddening, swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. Cured material is difficult to remove. Chronic: Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. |
|------------------------------|--|
|                              | contact with liquid or vapor. Once sensitized, an individual may react even to airborne levels<br>below the TLV with the following symptoms: itching and tingling of the earlobes and neck, rash,<br>hives, swelling of the arms and legs or other symptoms common to allergic dermatitis. Animal<br>tests have indicated that respiratory sensitization can result from skin contact with MDI. These<br>data reinforce the need to prevent direct skin contact with MDI.  |
| Eye contact:                 | Causes serious eye irritation. Liquid, aerosols or vapor are irritating and can cause tearing, reddening and swelling. If left untreated, corneal damage can occur and injury is slow to heal. Damage however is usually reversible.   |
| Ingestion:                   | May cause irritation or burns of mouth, throat, and stomach, with nausea, abdominal pain, and possible collapse.   |

| Hazardous Component(s)  | LD50s and LC50s   | Immediate and Delayed Health Effects<br>Allergen, Irritant, Mutagen, Respiratory |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate  | None  |  |  |
| Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate)  | Inhalation LC50 (RAT, 4 h) = 0.38 mg/l<br>Inhalation LC50 (RAT, 4 h) = 0.369 mg/l | Irritant, Respiratory, Allergen  |  |
| ,2-Propanediol, polymer with 1,3-<br>butanediol, tripropylene glycol and None<br>liphenylmethane diisocyanate |   | No Records   |  |

| Hazardous Component(s)  | NTP Carcinogen | IARC Carcinogen | OSHA Carcinogen<br>(Specifically Regulated) |
|---|----------------|-----------------|---|
| Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate  | No             | No              | No  |
| Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate)  | No             | No              | No  |
| 1,2-Propanediol, polymer with 1,3-<br>butanediol, tripropylene glycol and<br>diphenylmethane diisocyanate | No             | No              | No  |

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecological information:** 

Not available.

#### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS** Information provided is for unused product only. Recommended method of disposal: Follow all local, state, federal and provincial regulations for disposal. Hazardous waste number: Not a RCRA hazardous waste. 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION The transport information provided in this section only applies to the material/formulation itself, and is not specific to any package/configuration. U.S. Department of Transportation Ground (49 CFR) Proper shipping name: Not regulated Hazard class or division: None Identification number: None Packing group: None International Air Transportation (ICAO/IATA) Not regulated Proper shipping name: Hazard class or division: None Identification number: None Packing group: None Water Transportation (IMO/IMDG) Proper shipping name: Not regulated Hazard class or division: None Identification number: None Packing group: None **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION United States Regulatory Information** TSCA 8 (b) Inventory Status: All components are listed or are exempt from listing on the Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory. TSCA 12 (b) Export Notification: None above reporting de minimis CERCLA/SARA Section 302 EHS: None above reporting de minimis. CERCLA/SARA Section 311/312: Immediate Health, Delayed Health CERCLA/SARA Section 313: This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372). Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate) (CAS# 101-68-8) **CERCLA Reportable quantity:** Methylenebis(phenylisocyanate) (CAS# 101-68-8) 5,000 lbs. (2,270 kg)

Canada Regulatory Information

CEPA DSL/NDSL Status:

**California Proposition 65:** 

Contains one or more components listed on the Non-Domestic Substances List. All other components are listed on or are exempt from listing on the Domestic Substances List. Components listed on the NDSL must be tracked by all Canadian Importers of Record as required by Environment Canada. They may be imported into Canada in limited quantities. Please contact Regulatory Affairs for additional details.

No California Proposition 65 listed chemicals are known to be present.

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

This safety data sheet contains changes from the previous version in sections: 2

Prepared by: Sheila Gines, Regulatory Affairs Specialist

**Issue date:** 02/10/2016

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