

Safety Data Sheet



1. Identification

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| Product Name: | ROHPER LSPR 6PK ENAMEL ANODIZ BRNZ 15OZ | Revision Date: | 11/15/2016 |
| Product Identifier: | 209565 | Supersedes Date: | 7/27/2016 |
| Product Use/Class: | Topcoat/Aerosols | | |
| Supplier: | Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA | Manufacturer: | Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA |
| Preparer: | Regulatory Department | | |
| Emergency Telephone: | 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700 | | |

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word

Danger

Possible Hazards

32% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|------|--|
| Flammable Aerosol, category 1 | H222 | Extremely flammable aerosol. |
| Compressed Gas | H280 | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. |
| Carcinogenicity, category 2 | H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE | H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| STOT, repeated exposure, category 2 | H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Eye Irritation, category 2 | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Skin Sensitizer, category 1 | H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

| | |
|-----------|--|
| P210 | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| P211 | Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. |
| P251 | Do not pierce or burn, even after use. |
| P410+P412 | Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F. |
| P410+P403 | Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. |
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use. |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| P308+P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. |

| | |
|----------------|--|
| P405 | Store locked up. |
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations. |
| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. |
| P304+P340 | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. |
| P312 | Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| P403+P233 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| P260 | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. |
| P264 | Wash hands thoroughly after handling. |
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P337+P313 | If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P272 | Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. |
| P302+P352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. |
| P333+P313 | If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P321 | For specific treatment see label |

GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

| <u>Chemical Name</u> | <u>CAS-No.</u> | <u>Wt.% Range</u> | <u>GHS Symbols</u> | <u>GHS Statements</u> |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| n-Butyl Acetate | 123-86-4 | 10-25 | GHS02-GHS07 | H226-336 |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 10-25 | GHS02-GHS07 | H225-319-332-336 |
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 10-25 | GHS04 | H280 |
| n-Butane | 106-97-8 | 2.5-10 | GHS04 | H280 |
| Talc (Hydrous Magnesium Silicate) | 14807-96-6 | 2.5-10 | Not Available | Not Available |
| Dimethyl Carbonate | 616-38-6 | 2.5-10 | GHS02 | H225 |
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) | 1330-20-7 | 2.5-10 | GHS02-GHS07 | H226-315-319-332 |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 1.0-2.5 | Not Available | Not Available |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 1.0-2.5 | GHS02-GHS07- GHS08 | H225-304-332-351-373 |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | 0.1-1.0 | Not Available | Not Available |
| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS08 | H304-372 |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 96-29-7 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS05-GHS06 | H302-312-317-318-331 |
| Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic | 64742-95-6 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS07-GHS08 | H304-332 |

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR! Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Keep containers tightly closed.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class I flammable liquids. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | Weight % Less Than | ACGIH TLV- TWA | ACGIH TLV- STEL | OSHA PEL- TWA | OSHA PEL- CEILING |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| n-Butyl Acetate | 123-86-4 | 20.0 | 50 ppm | 150 ppm | 150 ppm | N.E. |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 20.0 | 250 ppm | 500 ppm | 1000 ppm | N.E. |
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 20.0 | N.E. | N.E. | 1000 ppm | N.E. |
| n-Butane | 106-97-8 | 10.0 | N.E. | 1000 ppm | N.E. | N.E. |
| Talc (Hydrous Magnesium Silicate) | 14807-96-6 | 10.0 | 2 mg/m3 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Dimethyl Carbonate | 616-38-6 | 10.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) | 1330-20-7 | 10.0 | 100 ppm | 150 ppm | 100 ppm | N.E. |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 5.0 | 10 mg/m3 | N.E. | 15 mg/m3 | N.E. |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 5.0 | 20 ppm | N.E. | 100 ppm | N.E. |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | 1.0 | 3 mg/m3 | N.E. | 3.5 mg/m3 | N.E. |
| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | 1.0 | 100 ppm | N.E. | 500 ppm | N.E. |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 96-29-7 | 1.0 | 10 ppm | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic | 64742-95-6 | 1.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|------------|
| Appearance: | Aerosolized Mist | Physical State: | Liquid |
| Odor: | Solvent Like | Odor Threshold: | N.E. |
| Relative Density: | 0.827 | pH: | N.A. |
| Freeze Point, °C: | N.D. | Viscosity: | N.D. |
| Solubility in Water: | Slight | Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/water: | N.D. |
| Decomposition Temp., °C: | N.D. | Explosive Limits, vol%: | 1.0 - 13.0 |
| Boiling Range, °C: | -37 - 537 | Flash Point, °C: | -96 |
| Flammability: | Supports Combustion | Auto-ignition Temp., °C: | N.D. |
| Evaporation Rate: | Faster than Ether | Vapor Pressure: | N.D. |
| Vapor Density: | Heavier than Air | | |

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur

during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010) Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

| <u>CAS-No.</u> | <u>Chemical Name</u> | <u>Oral LD50</u> | <u>Dermal LD50</u> | <u>Vapor LC50</u> |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| 123-86-4 | n-Butyl Acetate | 10768 mg/kg Rat | >17600 mg/kg Rabbit | > 21 mg/L Rat |
| 67-64-1 | Acetone | 5800 mg/kg Rat | >15700 mg/kg Rabbit | 50.1 mg/L Rat |
| 74-98-6 | Propane | N.I. | N.I. | 658 mg/L Rat |
| 106-97-8 | n-Butane | N.I. | N.I. | 658 mg/L Rat |
| 14807-96-6 | Talc (Hydrous Magnesium Silicate) | 6000 | N.I. | 30 |
| 616-38-6 | Dimethyl Carbonate | 13000 mg/kg Rat | >5000 mg/kg Rabbit | 140 mg/L Rat |
| 1330-20-7 | Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) | 3500 mg/kg Rat | >4350 mg/kg Rabbit | 29.08 mg/L Rat |
| 13463-67-7 | Titanium Dioxide | >10000 mg/kg Rat | 2500 mg/kg | N.I. |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | 3500 mg/kg Rat | 15400 mg/kg Rabbit | 17.4 mg/L Rat |
| 1333-86-4 | Carbon Black | >15400 mg/kg Rat | N.I. | N.I. |
| 96-29-7 | Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 930 mg/kg Rat | 1100 mg/kg Rabbit | >4.8 mg/L Rat |
| 64742-95-6 | Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic | 8400 mg/kg Rat | >2000 mg/kg Rabbit | N.I. |

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

| | <u>Domestic (USDOT)</u> | <u>International (IMDG)</u> | <u>Air (IATA)</u> | <u>TDG (Canada)</u> |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| UN Number: | N.A. | 1950 | 1950 | N.A. |
| Proper Shipping Name: | Paint Products in Limited Quantities | Aerosols | Aerosols | Paint Products in Limited Quantities |
| Hazard Class: | N.A. | 2.1 | 2.1 | N.A. |
| Packing Group: | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| Limited Quantity: | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Pressure Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

| <u>Chemical Name</u> | <u>CAS-No.</u> |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| Dimethyl Carbonate | 616-38-6 |
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) | 1330-20-7 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 |

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

| <u>Chemical Name</u> | <u>CAS-No.</u> |
|----------------------|----------------|
| n-Nonane | 111-84-2 |

16. Other Information**HMIS RATINGS**

Health: 2* Flammability: 4 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

NFPA RATINGS

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 542

SDS REVISION DATE: 11/15/2016

REASON FOR REVISION: Regulatory Formula Source Changed
Product Composition Changed
Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):
01 - Identification
02 - Hazard Identification
05 - Fire-fighting Measures
16 - Other Information
Statement(s) Changed

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.