# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### 1. Identification

Product identifier Rustlick™ Vytron N

Other means of identification

**Part Number** 75014, 75054, 75554

Recommended use General-purpose synthetic metalworking fluid

**Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name ITW Pro Brands

Address 616 East Industrial Street

Dewitt, IA 52742

Country (U.S.A.)

Tel +1 800-452-5823

In Case of Emergency CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 for US/ 703-527-3887 outside US

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

**Health hazards** Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

**Hazard statement** Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.

**Precautionary statement** 

Prevention Do not breathe mist/vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective

clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison

center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage Store locked up.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Diisopropanolamine		110-97-4	5 - 10
Boric Acid		10043-35-3	1 - 5
Ethyl Alcohol		64-17-5	1 - 5

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Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Monoethanolamine		141-43-5	1 - 5
Diethanolamine		111-42-2	0.1 - 1

## 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a physician or Skin contact

poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eves with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Ingestion

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods General fire hazards Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe mist/vapors. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store locked up. Store in tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

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# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Components	Type	Value	
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)	PEL	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Monoethanolamine (CAS 141-43-5)	PEL	6 mg/m3	
		3 ppm	

# US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	s Type	Value	Form
Boric Acid (CAS 10043-35-3)	STEL	6 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
	TWA	2 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Monoethanolamine (CAS 141-43-5)	STEL	6 ppm	
	TWA	3 ppm	
Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	15 mg/m3	
		3 ppm	

**Biological limit values** 

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

**Exposure guidelines** 

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation** 

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

**Respiratory protection** In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

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Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Thermal hazards

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Liquid. Physical state Liquid. **Form** Color Blue. Odor Mild.

**Odor threshold** Not available. 9.8 @ 10% pН Melting point/freezing point Not available. 212 °F (100 °C) Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Flash point > 199.4 °F (> 93.0 °C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

**Evaporation rate** < 1

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit - lower Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available. Vapor pressure Not available. Not available. Vapor density Not available. Relative density Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Soluble.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature** Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** 

Other information

**Explosive properties** Not explosive. Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

1.05 Specific gravity

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability** Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Peroxides. Phenols. Hazardous decomposition

products

Carbon oxides.

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# 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

**Skin contact** Causes severe skin burns.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not

been observed in humans.

**Eye contact**Causes serious eye damage. **Ingestion**Causes digestive tract burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including

blindness could result.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Components	Species	Test Results
Boric Acid (CAS 10043-35-3)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 0.002 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2600 mg/kg
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	710 mg/kg
Diisopropanolamine (CAS 110-97-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	8000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Oral	_	
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
<i>Vapor</i> LC50	Rat	51 mg/l, 6 Hours
	nat	51 Hig/i, 6 Hours
Monoethanolamine (CAS 141-43-5) <u>Acute</u>		
<u>Acute</u> Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	1000 mg/kg
Inhalation	Tabbit	rooo mg/ng
Vapor		
LC50	Rat	> 1.3 mg/l, 6 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	1100 mg/kg
Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg

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**Species Test Results** Components

Oral

LD50 Rat 6400 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure.

**ACGIH Carcinogens** 

Boric Acid (CAS 10043-35-3) A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Possible reproductive hazard.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** Not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged

exposure may cause chronic effects.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not

been observed in humans.

#### 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

**Test Results** Components **Species** Boric Acid (CAS 10043-35-3)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Razorback sucker (Xyrauchen texanus) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia) 61.8 - 86.04 mg/l, 48 hours

LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 100 mg/l, 96 hours Fish

Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 7.7 - 11.2 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours

Monoethanolamine (CAS 141-43-5)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 114 - 196 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

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Components Species Test Results

Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia) 565.2 - 658.3 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 10610 - 13010 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Diethanolamine -1.43
Diisopropanolamine -0.82
Ethyl Alcohol -0.31
Monoethanolamine -1.31
Triethanolamine -1

Mobility in soilNot established.Other adverse effectsNone known.

# 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the

material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Dispose of contents/container in

accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code D002: Waste Corrosive material [pH <=2 or =>12.5, or corrosive to steel]

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some

product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

## 14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IMDG** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

## 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)** 

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

\_\_\_\_\_

Classified hazard Skin corrosion or irritation

categories Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

#### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

## FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)

Low priority

#### **US state regulations**

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5) Monoethanolamine (CAS 141-43-5) Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

## **California Proposition 65**



WARNING: This product can expose you to Diethanolamine, which is known to the State of California to cause

cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

## California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Listed: June 22, 2012

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Boric Acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 06-04-2020

Version # 01

Material name: Rustlick™ Vytron N sps us

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Dewitt cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.