

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

		<b>SECTION 1) IDENTIFICATION</b>					
Product Name:	70% Alcohol Hand Wipes						
Synonym:	L-186						
Product Code:	53-K 365 (80-count), 53-K count)	366 (150-count), 53-K 368 (300-count) 5	3-K 465 (80-count), 53-K 466 (150-count), 53-K 468 (300-				
Revision Date:	Oct 22, 2020	Date Printed:	Jan 18, 2021				
Version:	1.0	Supersedes Date:	N.A.				
Manufacturer's Name:	Canada - Walter Surface T	echnologies Inc.					
Address:	5977 Trans Canada Highwa	ay West Pointe-Claire, QC, CA, H9R 1C	1				
Emergency Phone:	INFOTRAC® 1-800-535-50	53. International call collect: 1-352-323-	·3500 24 hours/day, 7 days/week.				
Information Phone Number: www.walter.com							
Fax:							
Product/Recommended	Jses:						

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## Classification

Eye Irritation - Category 2B

Flammable Liquids - Category 2

# **Pictograms**



Signal Word

Danger

Hazardous Statements - Health

H320 - Causes eye irritation

# **Hazardous Statements - Physical**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

# **Precautionary Statements - General**

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

# **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

- P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon-di oxide, alcohol foam, water spray or dry chemical to extinguish.

## **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

## **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulations.

## Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC) (Physical & Health)

No data available

## Acute toxicity of less than one percent of the mixture is unknown

# **SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0000064-17-5	ETHYL ALCOHOL	60.00% - 80.00%
0007732-18-5	WATER	10.00% - 30.00%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

# **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

## **Eye Contact**

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical advice/attention.

Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes or until medical aid is available. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists:

### **Skin Contact**

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

## Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell/lf concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

## Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both acute and Delayed

OVER-EXPOSURE SIGNS/SYMPTOMS

Eye Contact: Adverse symptoms may include pain or irritation, watering, redness.

## Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

# SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

## Suitable Extinguishing Media

Small Fire: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam.

Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces.

Large Fire : Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use straight stream of water.

### **Specific Hazards in Case of Fire**

Fire will produce irritating gases. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

### **Fire-Fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

#### **Special Protective Actions**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

# **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **Emergency Procedure**

Stay uphill and/or upstream. Evacuate and isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away.

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

## **Recommended Equipment**

See section 8 for specifics on protective personal equipment (PPE).

#### **Personal Precautions**

Avoid contact with eyes.

## **Environmental Precautions**

Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

## Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Dispose of contaminated materials according to federal, state and local regulations.

# **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### General

Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

## **Ventilation Requirements**

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Report ventilation failures immediately.

## **Storage Room Requirements**

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight and strong oxidizers. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by ground and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.

## **SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## Eye Protection

No special protective equipment required under normal use.

## **Skin Protection**

## **Respiratory Protection**

No special protective equipment required under normal use.

# **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Not applicable.

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	VLE Alteracion Efecto a la Salud	VLE Connotacion	ACGIH TLV Basis
ETHYL ALCOHOL				1000	A3	Irritación del tracto respiratorio superior	A3	URT irr

Chemical	ACGIH	VLE CToP	VLE CToP	OSHA TWA	OSHA TWA	VLE PPT	VLE PPT	OSHA STEL
Name	Notations	(mg/m3)	(ppm)	(mg/m3)	(ppm)	(mg/m3)	(ppm)	(mg/m3)
ETHYL ALCOHOL	A3		1000	1900	1000			

Chemical Name	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Skin designation	CAN_ONtmg	CAN_ONtppm	CAN_ONsmg	CAN_ONsppm
ETHYL ALCOHOL			1					

Chemical Name	BR_NR_15_An nex_XI - Brazil_NR 15 - Annex 11 of NR 15 (Tolerance Limits for Chemical Agents and Inspections in the Workplace)
ETHYL ALCOHOL	1

A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, irr - Irritation, URT - Upper respiratory tract

# SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Density	0.87000 kg/l
Specific Gravity	N/A
% VOC	70%
Density VOC	N/A
 Appearance	N/A
Odor Threshold	N/A
Odor Description	Slight alcohol odor
рН	7
Water Solubility	Soluble in water
Flammability	Flash point below 73°F/23°C
Flash Point Symbol	N/A
Flash Point	16 to 21 °C
Viscosity	N/A

53-K 365 (80-count), 53-K 366 (150-count), 53-K 368 (300-count) 53-K 465 (80-count), 53-K 466 (150-

Lower Explosion Level	N/A
Upper Explosion Level	N/A
Vapor Density	N/A
Freezing Point	<0 °C
Melting Point	N/A
Low Boiling Point	78 °C
High Boiling Point	79 °C
Auto Ignition Temp	363 °C
Evaporation Rate	N/A
Coefficient Water/Oil	N/A

# **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# **Stability**

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

## **Conditions To Avoid**

Avoid heat, sparks, flame and contact with incompatible materials

# Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

Will not occur.

# **Incompatible Materials**

Strong bases, acids, and oxidizing agents.

# Hazardous Decomposition Products

Oxides of carbon.

# **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Acute Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Cylinders exposed to fire may vent and release toxic gas through pressure relief devices.

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, metal oxide/oxide.

Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

0000064-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL

Inhalation can irritate the nose, throat and lungs.

## **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000064-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL

High concentration may damage the fetus.

## **Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Causes eye irritation

53-K 365 (80-count), 53-K 366 (150-count), 53-K 368 (300-count) 53-K 465 (80-count), 53-K 466 (150-

## **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000064-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL

Contact can irritate the skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure can cause drying and cracking of the skin with peeling, redness and itching.

## Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000064-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL

Repeated high exposure may affect the liver and the nervous system. Chronic ingestion of ethanol may cause liver cirrhosis.

## Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000064-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL

Exposure can cause headache, drowsiness, nausea and vomiting, and unconsciousness. It can also affect concentration and vision.

## Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

0000064-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL

The substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation of its vapor or by ingestion.

#### **Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous**

0000064-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: liver disease. Tests in some laboratory animals indicate this compound may have embryotoxic activity. Tests in animals demonstrate reproductive toxicity. Ingestion may cause any of the following: stupor (central nervous system depression), gastrointestinal irritation. If absorbed through the skin, may be: harmful.

## 0000064-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL

LC50 (mouse): Approximately 21000 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 39 g/m3 (4-hour exposure) (1, unconfirmed)

LD50 (oral, rat): 7060 mg/kg (41); 10600 mg/kg (41); 13660 mg/kg (37)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 3450 mg/kg (1, unconfirmed)

LD50 (oral, guinea pig): 5560 mg/kg (37)

# **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# **Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000064-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL

S gairdneri: 13.0g/l (96hr LC50) Nauplii : 858 g/l (48hr EC50) Ceriodaphnia dubia : 9.6mg/l (10 day NOEC) Freshwater Fish 250mg/l (NOEC) Reference: REACH registration Dossier.

## **Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

## **Bio-accumulative Potential**

0000064-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL

Substance has a low potential for bioaccumulation (log Kow3),

## Persistence and Degradability

0000064-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL

Readily biodegradable. Half-life in air = 38 h

## **Other Adverse Effects**

No data available.

## SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## **13.1 Waste Treatment Methods**

53-K 365 (80-count), 53-K 366 (150-count), 53-K 368 (300-count) 53-K 465 (80-count), 53-K 466 (150It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

# **SECTION 14) Transport Information**

	IATA Information	IMDG Information	U.S. DOT Information	Canada TDG Information
UN number:	UN1170	UN1170	UN1170	UN1170
Proper shipping name:	Ethanol	Ethanol	Ethanol	Ethanol
Hazard class:				3
Hazard class:	3	3	3	
Packaging group:	11	Ш	II	II
Hazardous substance (RQ):			No Data Available	
Marine Pollutant:	NA	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Note / Special Provision:	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Toxic-Inhalation Hazard:	NA	NA	No Data Available	No Data Available

# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0000064-17-5	ETHYL ALCOHOL	60.00% - 80.00%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,TSCA,MX_LAAR _Segundo - LISTADO DE ACTIVIDADES ALTAMENTE RIESGOSAS Segundo
0007732-18-5	WATER	10.00% - 30.00%	DSL,TSCA

The information in this Section does not list non-hazardous components that might have relevant DSL, TSCA regulatory values, if they are present at less than 1%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

# **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

## Glossary

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDGCanadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center(US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; DL- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL-Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

## Version 1.0:

Revision Date: Jan 18, 2021 Version 1.0

# DISCLAIMER

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.