

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**E-WELD PLASMA** 

Section 1. Identi	fication
GHS product identifier	: E-WELD PLASMA
Product code	: 53F605 (10 kg), 53F608 208L
SDS no.	: L-142E
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Long lasting anti-spatter solution.
Manufacturer	<ul> <li>Canada <ul> <li>Walter Surface Technologies Inc.</li> <li>5977 Trans Canada Highway</li> <li>Pointe-Claire, QC H9R 1C1</li> <li>Canada</li> <li>General Information: 1-888-592-5837</li> <li>info@walter.com</li> <li>www.walter.com</li> </ul> </li> <li>United States <ul> <li>Walter Surface Technologies Inc.</li> <li>810 Day Hill Road</li> <li>Windsor, CT 06095</li> <li>United States</li> <li>General Information: 1-866-592-5837</li> <li>info.us@walter.com</li> <li>www.walter.com</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: INFOTRAC <sup>®</sup> 1-800-535-5053. International call collect: 1-352-323-3500 24 hours/day, 7 days/week.
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the	: AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
substance or mixture	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
· •	



: Warning

: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

Tel : +1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) www.kmkregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.ghssmart.com



### Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: P391 - Collect spillage.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Su	bst	tan	ce	mi	x	lure	\$
Ju	03	a	CC			uic	7

: Mixture

Product code

: 53F605 (10 kg)

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Barium sulfate	5 - 10	7727-43-7
Titanium dioxide	1 - 5	13463-67-7
Ethanediol	1 - 5	107-21-1
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1 - 5	7779-90-0
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	1 - 5	68439-50-9
Sodium nitrite	0.1 - 1	7632-00-0
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	0.01 - 0.1	2634-33-5
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	0.01 - 0.1	2682-20-4

Since the carcinogenic ingredients in this compound are in a paste, the risk of exposure by inhalation is minimal, this is why the related hazard statements are not shown in this SDS.

United States: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

Canada: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</li> <li>Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>





Section 4. First aid measures		
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides



### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures For non-emergency : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. personnel Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel". **Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	<ul> <li>Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.</li> </ul>	



### Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible
		materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **United States**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Total
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Ethanediol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction. Aerosol only
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Vapor fraction
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Form: Vapor fraction
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	None.
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	None.
Sodium nitrite	None.
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	None.
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	None.





### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### <u>Canada</u>

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Barium sulfate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).         8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.         CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).         TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction         CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).         TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust         TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust         CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).         TWAEV: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust         TWAEV: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust         CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).         STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes.         TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Titanium dioxide Ethanediol	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). C: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 7 Form: Aerosol only</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). C: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 7 Form: Aerosol. TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Particulate. STEL: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Particulate.</li> <li>STEL: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Particulate.</li> <li>STEL: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 7 Form: Aerosol.</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Particulate.</li> <li>STEL: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Particulate.</li> <li>STEL: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Particulate.</li> <li>STEL: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Vapor</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). CEIL: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 7 Form: Aerosol.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>STEV: 50 ppn 15 minutes. Form: Vapor and mist STEV: 50 ppn 15 minutes. Form: Vapor and mist</li> <li>STEV: 127 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Vapor and mist</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</li> </ul>
ppropriate engineering ontrols	C: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. Avoid breathing dust/ fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.
nvironmental exposure ontrols	<ul> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.</li> </ul>
ndividual protection measure	res
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

# Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk<br/>assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists,<br/>gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless<br/>the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### Skin protection



### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	4	Liquid.
Color	4	White.
Odor	4	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	4	Not available.
рН	1	8 to 9
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	1	Not available.
Flash point	1	Not available.
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	1	Not available.
(flammable) limits		
Vapor pressure	4	Not available.
Vapor density	4	Not available.
Relative density	4	0.1387
Solubility	4	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	4	Not available.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	4	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	4	Not available.
Viscosity	4	75 to 80 KU
Flow time (ISO 2431)	4	Not available.
VOC content	4	4.9 % (w/w)



### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethanediol 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral		4700 mg/kg 1020 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ethanediol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	1 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	6 hours 1440 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	555 mg	-
Sodium nitrite	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 5%	-

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium dioxide	-	2B	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Target organs
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	Category 3	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Aspiration hazard

There is no data available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical sector of the sector sect	<ul> <li>ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
Oral	20646.7 mg/kg



### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Barium sulfate	Acute EC50 634 mg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute EC50 32000 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/L Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Ethanediol	Acute LC50 6900000 µg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 41000000 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8050000 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 90 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Sodium nitrite	Acute EC50 159000 µg/L Marine water	Algae - Tetraselmis chuii	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1600000 µg/L Marine water	Algae - Tetraselmis chuii	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1100 µg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cherax guadricarinatus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.16 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Ictalurus punctatus - Fingerling	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.912 mg/L Marine water	Fish - Hippocampus abdominalis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	35 days
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 97 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10 to 20 mg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 167 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.07 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Ethanediol	-1.36	-	low
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	high
Sodium nitrite	-3.7	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.





### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Trizinc bis (orthophosphate), Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Trizinc bis (orthophosphate), Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Trizinc bis (orthophosphate), Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated). Marine pollutant (Trizinc bis (orthophosphate), Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Trizinc bis (orthophosphate), Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9
Packing group	Ш	111	Ш	
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

**AERG** : 171

Additional information		
DOT Classification	:	Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as hazardous materials unless transported by inland waterway. This product is not regulated as a hazardous material when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a.
TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported by road or rail.
IMDG	:	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1. 4 to 4.1.1.8.
ΙΑΤΑ	:	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.
Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 4(a) final test rules: Acetaldehyde
	<b>TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules</b> : 5-Chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one
	TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rules: Sodium nitrite
	TSCA 8(a) PAIR: tris(2-Ethylhexyl) phosphate; Acetaldehyde
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	TSCA 8(c) calls for record of SAR: tris(2-Ethylhexyl) phosphate



### Section 15. Regulatory information

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Ammonia; Acetaldehyde; Ammonium benzoate; Sodium nitrite; Sodium hydroxide

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed

#### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

		SARA 302 TPQ SARA 3		SARA 304 F	04 RQ	
Name	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)	
Ethylene oxide	Yes.	1000	-	10	-	

SARA 304 RQ : 18214936.2 lbs / 8269581.1 kg [15750484.5 gal / 59622069.6 L]

#### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : Not applicable.

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	Classification
Titanium dioxide	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Ethanediol	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

#### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number
Form R - Reporting requirements	Ethanediol Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	107-21-1 7779-90-0
Supplier notification	Ethanediol Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	107-21-1 7779-90-0

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations

Massachusetts	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Ethanediol; Titanium dioxide; Barium sulfate; Limestone; Talc</li> </ul>
New York	: The following components are listed: Ethanediol
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Ethanediol; Titanium dioxide; Trizinc bis (orthophosphate); Barium sulfate; Limestone; Talc</li> </ul>
Pennsylvania	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Ethanediol; Titanium dioxide; Trizinc bis (orthophosphate); Barium sulfate; Limestone; Talc</li> </ul>
California Prop. 65	



### Section 15. Regulatory information

★ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylene oxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, Crystalline silica, amorphous, Crystalline silica, respirable powder, 1,4-Dioxane, Acetaldehyde, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Ethanediol, Methanol, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www. P65Warnings.ca.gov.

# Since the carcinogenic ingredients in this compound are in a paste, the risk of exposure by inhalation is minimal.

#### <u>Canada</u>

#### Canadian lists Canadian NPRI

- : The following components are listed: Ethanediol; Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)
- CEPA Toxic substances: None of the components are listed.canada inventory (DSL: All components are listed or exempted.
- Canada inventory (DSL NDSL)

#### International lists

- National inventory
- New Zealand
- Taiwan

- : All components are listed or exempted.
- : All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	Calculation method Calculation method

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	: 11/30/2018
Date of previous issue	: 09/30/2018
Version	: 2.1
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

